# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Carbon - PSA cartridge, Part Number 5982-4567

### **Section 1. Identification**

This product is considered an article. This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article.

1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: Carbon - PSA cartridge, Part Number 5982-4567	
Part no.	: 5982-4567	
Validation date	: 4/27/2021	
<b>1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</b>		
Material uses	<ul> <li>Malytical chemistry.</li> <li>SPE cartridge</li> <li>6 ml</li> </ul>	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		

<u>no betand of the supplier</u>	Ji the Salety data Sheet
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Agilent Technologies, Inc.

 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

In case of emergency	: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Classification of the</b>	e substance or mixture
	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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2.2 GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>         F351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.     </li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
Response	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements
2.2 Other bezards

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

#### 2.3 Other nazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

This article, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the directions for use, should not present a health hazard. The substance or mixture is encapsulated in the article. Only if released due to use or processing of the article in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use it may present potential health and safety hazards.

Substance/mixture

: Mixture (encapsulated in article)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	≥25 - ≤50	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and Ingestion keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

- **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Date of issue :
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### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.	
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	
Section 6 Accide	ntal roloaco moacuroc	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	lo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from ntering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. Io flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequat entilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on ppropriate personal protective equipment.	ē
For emergency responders	specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any informatio section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-mergency personnel".	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
	Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a
	HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed
	waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions	<ul> <li>Industrial applications, Professional applications.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the hazardous ingredient in this article is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

**8.1 Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic phys	sical and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization Not available.				
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not availa	ble.		
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause cancer, based on animal data.(Dust)			
<u>Classification</u>				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Carbon black	-	2B	-	
Reproductive toxicity			·	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not availa	ble.		
<b>Teratogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not availa	able.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single ex</u> p	<u>osure)</u>		
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	y (repeated o	exposure)		
Aspiration hazard				
Not available.				
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of	entry antic	cipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.	
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact			e concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits of the eyes.	
Inhalation			e concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits of the nose, throat and lungs.	
Skin contact	: No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No knowr	n significan	t effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	sical chomi	cal and to		
Eve contact			may include the following:	
	irritation	ymptomo i		
Inhalation		symptoms i	may include the following:	
	respirator	y tract irrita		
	coughing			
Skin contact	: No specif			
Ingestion	: No specif	ic udla.		
	<u>ts and also c</u>	hronic eff	ects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not availa	ible.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not availa	ble.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not availa	ble.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not availa	ble.		
Potential chronic health effe	ects			

# Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

12.1	l Tox	icitv
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Algae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	72 hours 48 hours
	Acute NOEC >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on chemical experience, will degrade over very long period of time.

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

**12.5 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### Section 14. Transport information

This Safety Data Sheet is written based on the encapsulated substance or mixture in this article. Since the hazardous ingredient is encapsulated, the risk of exposure by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact and eyes contact is minimum.

**DOT / TDG / Mexico / IMDG /** : Not regulated. **IATA** 

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>15.1 Safety, health and envir</u> U.S. Federal regulations	mental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed	
<u>SARA 302/304</u>		
Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.	
SARA 311/312		
Classification	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	

Name	%	Classification
₽SA Carbon black	≥25 - ≤50	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: CARBON BLACK
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: CARBON BLACK
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: CARBON BLACK
California Prop. 65	

WARNING: This product can expose you to Carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	-	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue	: 04/27/2021
Date of previous issue	: 08/21/2018
Version	: 7
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
Procedure used to derive t	he classification

Procedure used to derive the classification

# Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.